



### C18106. SEX BY AGE BY SELF-CARE DIFFICULTY - Universe: CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION 5 YEARS AND OVER

Data Set: [2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates](#)

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the [official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties](#).

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

View the [noncollapsed version of this table](#).

Alaska		
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	623,300	+/-2,765
Male:	316,081	+/-2,697
5 to 17 years:	65,623	+/-1,387
With a self-care difficulty	550	+/-330
No self-care difficulty	65,073	+/-1,363
18 to 64 years:	226,171	+/-2,648
With a self-care difficulty	3,709	+/-1,170
No self-care difficulty	222,462	+/-2,530
65 years and over:	24,287	+/-861
With a self-care difficulty	1,760	+/-485
No self-care difficulty	22,527	+/-909
Female:	307,219	+/-1,826
5 to 17 years:	62,857	+/-1,274
With a self-care difficulty	782	+/-408
No self-care difficulty	62,075	+/-1,379
18 to 64 years:	217,556	+/-1,601
With a self-care difficulty	3,898	+/-1,129
No self-care difficulty	213,658	+/-1,741
65 years and over:	26,806	+/-946
With a self-care difficulty	3,374	+/-802
No self-care difficulty	23,432	+/-1,105

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the [Evaluation Report Covering Disability](#).

While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "-." entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An "-." following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

#### Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:

[Accuracy of the Data](#)